EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS   (N)

(C)   -   To signify changed term/condition, or a change in text   (C)
(D)   -   To signify discontinued rate, treatment or term/condition
(I)   -   To signify increased rate, or new treatment resulting in an increased rate
(N)   -   To signify new rate, treatment or term/condition
(R)   -   To signify a reduced rate, or new treatment resulting in a reduced rate
/*n*/ -   To signify moved text (where *n* is the next available footnote number)   (C)

Note: New text appearing on an Original page will not be coded with the (N) symbol. However, if   (N)
        existing material is moved to an Original page, the /n/ symbol will be used to indicate moved
        material.   (N)

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(N)

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS

```
ac - Alternating current
AML - Actual Measured Loss
ANI - Automatic Number Identification
AP - Program Audio
BD - Business Day
BNS - Billed Number Screening
BHMC - Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity
BSA - Basic Serving Arrangement
BSE - Basic Service Element
CAROT - Centralized Automatic Reporting on Trunks
CCS - Common Channel Signaling
CNCC - Customer Network Control Center
CO - Central Office
CPE - Customer Provided Equipment
CSACC - Customer Service Administration Control Center
CSPC - Customer Signaling Point Code
dB - decibel
dBrnC - Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Weighting
dBrnCO - Decibel Reference Noise C-Message Reference to O
dBV - decibel(s) relative to 1 volt (reference)
dc - direct current
DNAL - Dedicated Network Access Line
ECSPC - Exchange Company Signaling Point Code
EDD - Envelope Delay Distortion
ELEPL - Equal Level Echo Path Loss
EML - Expected Measured Loss
EPL - Echo Path Loss
ERL - Echo Return Loss
ESS - Electronic Switching System
ESSX - Electronic Switching System Exchange
f - frequency
FID - Field Identifier
FCC - Federal Communications Commission
FX - Foreign Exchange
HC - High Capacity
Hz - Hertz
IAM - Initial Address Message
IC - Intrastate Customer
ICB - Individual Case Basis
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EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS

```
ICL - Inserted Connection Loss
kbps - kilobits per second
kHz - kilohertz
LATA - Local Access and Transport Area
LT - Link Type
Ma - milliamperes
Mbps - Megabits per second
MHz - Megahertz
MMUC - Minimum Monthly Usage Charge
MRC - Monthly Recurring Charge)
MTSO - Mobile Telephone Switching Office
NB - Narrowband
NPA - Numbering Plan Area
NRC - Nonrecurring Charge
NTS - Non-Traffic Sensitive
NXX - Three-Digit Central Office Code
OTPL - Zero Transmission Level Point
PBX - Private Branch Exchange
PCM - Pulse Code Modulation
PDR - Percent Direct Routed
PIN - Personal Identification Number
PLR - Private Line Ringdown
POT - Point of Termination
rms - root-mean-square
SCP - Service Control Point
SFM - Service Facility Move
SWC - Serving Wire Center
TES - Telephone Exchange Service(s)
TLP - Transmission Level Point
TV - Television
USOC - Uniform Service Order Code
VG - Voice Grade
V & H - Vertical & Horizontal
WA - Wideband Analog
WATS - Wide Area Telecommunications Service(s)
WD - Wideband Digital
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