

REGULATIONS

	INDEX	<u>Sheet</u>
1. Scope of Service		1-3
2. General Regulations		4-10
2.1 Liability of SGBT		4-5
2.2 Obligations of CMC		6
2.3 Payments of Rates and Charges		7
2.4 Deposits		7-8
2.5 Listings		8
2.6 (Vacant)		(N)
2.7 Special Service Arrangements		9
2.8 Special Construction		9
2.9 Radio Transmitter Links		9
2.10 Landline to Landline Call Restriction		9
2.11 CMC Provided Facilities		9
2.12 Termination of Facilities		9
2.13 Point of Termination		10
2.14 Termination of Service		10
2.15 Synchronization		10
2.16 Additional Engineering and Labor		10
2.17 Assignment and Transfer of Facilities		10
2.18 Telecommunications Priority Systems.		10
3. Description of Service		11-12
4. Features		13-14
4.1 Optional Features - Nonchargeable		13
4.2 Transmission Performance		14
4.3 Testing Capabilities		14
5. Determination of Number of Access Facilities		14

REGULATIONS

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, hereinafter referred to as "the Company", is a Missouri corporation with its headquarters in Dallas, Texas that provides telecommunications common carrier services in Texas as well as Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, and Oklahoma. Southwestern Bell Telephone Company does business in the state of Texas under the name "AT&T Texas," effective January 4, 2006. AT&T Texas adopts all tariff references in effect on that date under its prior name "SBC Texas" until such time as those tariff references are revised.

1. Scope of Service

- 1.1** This tariff provides AT&T Texas facilities and services for the interconnection and interchange of traffic between AT&T Texas and the providers of public mobile radio service, private land mobile radio service as well as personal communications service, as defined in Part 22, Part 24 (1) and Part 90 of the Rules of the FCC, in the State of Texas. This tariff also provides for interconnection of experimental radio service licensees who develop and test radio equipment and systems used by Part 22, Part 24 and Part 90 providers, as defined in Part 5 of the Rules of the FCC. Authorized resellers of radio services provided by Part 22, Part 24 or Part 90 licensees may also purchase interconnection services from this tariff.
- 1.2** This tariff is applicable to all CMCs for the provision of Type 1, Type 2A, and Type 2B trunk side interconnection arrangements, as found, for descriptive purposes only, in the Bell Communications Research Inc. Technical Reference TR-NPL-000145, "Compatibility Information for the Interface between a Cellular Mobile Carrier and a Local Exchange Carrier Network;" Technical Reference TR-EOP-000352, "Cellular Mobile Carrier Interconnection Transmission Plans;" and Technical Reference TR-NPL-000275, "Notes on BOC Intra-LATA Networks," Section 16, which is titled "Cellular Mobile Carrier Interconnection." This tariff is also applicable to all carriers for the provision of line side interconnection, as found for description purposes only, in Bell System Technical Reference Number 43303. This service is optional for providers of noncellular two-way Common Carrier Services, as defined in Part 22, Subpart G, of the Rules of the FCC. Additionally, Part 90 service providers have the option of purchasing their interconnection to the public switched network from this tariff.

This tariff also provides AT&T Texas facilities and services for Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System Seven (CCS/SS7) Service found, for descriptive purposes only, in the current issue of Bellcore TR-TSV-00905, "Common Channel Signaling Network Interface Specifications" and AT&T Texas Technical Publication, TP-76638, "SWBT Supplement to TR-TSV-000905".

- 1.3** The Company may discontinue certain Company services in geographic areas for which the Company has no customers subscribing to those services.

(N)
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(N)

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions

(T)

Access Service Tariff - SWBT's intrastate Texas Access Service Tariff on file with the Commission, offering exchange access to interexchange carriers.

Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP) - The AWCP is an optional originating service available to eligible CMCs as a tandem connection under Type 2A Service. By subscribing to this service, a CMC's patron will be able to receive intraLATA toll calls from SWBT end user customers without the SWBT end user customer incurring a toll charge for the call, provided the call is placed to an NXX designated by the CMC as an AWCP NXX. A CMC subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability as described in the FCC's " Second Report and Order, In the Matter of Local Number Portability," FCC 97-289, is not an eligible carrier.

Call Path Associated Signaling (CAS) - A wireless 911 solution set that utilizes the voice transmission path to also deliver the Mobile Directory Number and the caller's location to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Cell Site - A cell site is the location of fixed radio transmitting and receiving facilities associated with a cellular system.

Cellular Geographic Service Area (CGSA) - The geographic area served by the cellular system within which a CMC is authorized to provide service.

Cellular Mobile Carrier or CMC - A common carrier provider or an authorized reseller of domestic public cellular telecommunications service, as defined in Part 22, Subpart K, of the Rules of the FCC. For the purposes of this tariff only, the term CMC shall also include providers licensed under Part 22, Subpart G and Part 24 of the Rules of the FCC and their authorized resellers.

Connecting Circuits - Circuits between a CMC's MTSO and a SWBT serving wire center or tandem office for the interchange of traffic. Such circuits may be one-way or two-way in directionality.

- (1) These tariff provisions do not apply to PCS providers that are certificated to provide local exchange service.

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions (cont'd)

(T)

Demarcation Point - The point of demarcation and/or interconnection between SGBT communications facilities and terminal equipment, protective apparatus or wiring at a subscriber's premises. SGBT-installed facilities at, or constituting, the demarcation point shall consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the Commission's rules. SGBT will provide one primary demarcation point for services provided through SGBT network facilities at no cost to the subscriber. Any secondary or additional demarcation point(s) requested by the customer will be provided as specified in the AT&T Texas Guidebook, Part 2, Section 5 (Construction Charges). The costs of providing these secondary or additional demarcation points include all labor and materials including cabling. Additions or reinforcements of existing facilities to secondary demarcation points will only be provided upon customer request and billed as specified in the AT&T Texas Guidebook, Part 2, Section 5 (Construction Charges)). "Premises" as used herein generally means a dwelling unit, other building or a legal unit of real property such as a lot on which a dwelling unit is located, as determined by SGBT's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices. The "minimum point of entry" (MPOE) as used herein shall be either (1) the closest practicable point to where the wiring crosses a property line or (2) the closest practicable point to where the wiring enters a multiunit building or buildings. SGBT's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices shall determine which of (1) or (2) shall apply. SGBT is not precluded from establishing reasonable classifications of multiunit premises for purposes of determining which of (1) or (2) above shall apply. Multiunit premises include, but are not limited to, residential, commercial, shopping center and campus situations.

(a) Single Unit Installations. For single unit installations existing as of June 9, 1994 and installations installed after that date the demarcation point shall be a point within twelve inches of the protector or, where there is no protector, within twelve inches of where the telephone wire enters the customer's premises.

(b) Multiunit Installations.

(1) In multiunit premises existing as of June 9, 1994, the demarcation point shall be determined in accordance with SGBT's reasonable and nondiscriminatory standard operating practices. Provided, however, that where there are multiple demarcation points within the multiunit premises, a demarcation point for a customer shall not be further inside the customer's premises than a point twelve inches from where the wiring enters the customer's premises.

(2) In multiunit premises in which wiring is installed after June 9, 1994, the multiunit premises owner shall determine the location of the demarcation point or points. The multiunit premises owner shall determine whether there shall be a single demarcation point location for all customers or separate such locations for each customer. Provided, however, that where there are multiple demarcation points within the multiunit premises, a demarcation point for a customer shall not be further inside the customer's premises than a point twelve inches from where the wiring enters the customer's premises.

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions (cont'd)

(T)

Demarcation Point (cont'd)

At this time, SWBT has elected not to establish a practice of placing the demarcation point at the MPOE for multiunit premises. However, at the customer's request, SWBT will place the demarcation point at the MPOE in existing installations, and as appropriate, in new installations. SWBT will relocate multiple demarcation points to a single demarcation point at an MPOE in a manner that minimizes any resultant charges or other adverse impact to either building owners or customers.

If conforming to the twelve inch limitation is unrealistic or technically impossible, the demarcation point will be the most practicable MPOE.

End office Rate Center - An end office selected by the CMC as the end office for rating (measuring purposes) for Type 2A interconnection.

Equal Access Connections - One-way terminating circuits from a CMC's MTSO to a telephone company access tandem which allows the CMC's patrons to have equal access to interexchange carriers.

End Office Switch - An end office switch is a local SWBT switching system where SWBT exchange service customer station loops are terminated for purposes of interconnection to each other and to the network.

Exchange - Denotes a unit generally smaller than a Local Access and Transport Area (LATA) established by SWBT for the administration of communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more end office switches together with the associated facilities used in furnishing communications service within that area. One or more designated exchanges comprises a given LATA.

Hybrid - A wireless 911 solution set that utilizes one transmission path to deliver the voice and Mobile Directory Number to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) and a separate transmission path to deliver the caller's location information to the PSAP.

Interexchange Carrier or IC - A common carrier which provides the for-hire telecommunications service of connecting messages or facilities in one exchange to another exchange. An IC does not provide connections directly to end user-subscribers; local exchange carriers provide local switching functions at both ends of an interexchange call on behalf of the IC.

MTSO - For purposes of this tariff, a MTSO is the CMC's switching equipment used to provide the CMC's switching service (i.e., the mobile telephone switching office) or, alternatively, any other point of termination designated by the CMC. The MTSO is the point of interconnection between the CMC's customers within its CGSA and the end users of wireline exchange carriers and interexchange carriers.

REGULATIONS

1. Scope of Service (cont'd)

1.4 Definitions (cont'd)

(T)

Non-Call Path Associated Signaling (NCAS) - A wireless 911 solution set that utilizes one transmission path to deliver the voice and a separate transmission path to deliver the Mobile Directory Number and the caller's location to the Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

NXN Code - A block of 10,000 consecutive telephone numbers having the same 3-digit prefix.

Originating Traffic - For purposes of this tariff, all interchange traffic which is delivered by SWBT to a CMC for termination on the CMC's system is originating traffic.

Point of Interconnection - The first point of switching for terminating traffic in the SWBT network. For example, where terminating traffic is switched to other end offices in the LATA, interexchange carriers and operator or auxiliary services (e.g. 411, 911 and 555-1212).

Radio Transmitter Links - Dedicated voice and/or data circuits provided by SWBT between a CMC MTSO and cell site locations or between cell site locations.

Shell Record - a partial Automatic Location Identification (ALI) record which requires a dynamic update of the Emergency Services Routing Key (ESRK), Call Back Number, cell site and sector information for a Phase I deployment, and XY location data for a Phase II deployment. The dynamic update requires input from the CMC's network prior to updating the ALI records and forwarding to the appropriate Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Tandem Office - Denotes a local SWBT switching unit by means of which local or access telephone communications are switched to and from an end office switch or a CMC's MTSO.

Terminating Traffic - For purposes of this tariff, that traffic which is originated by a CMC and interchanged with SWBT for termination at a point on the intraLATA wireline exchange network or for delivery to an interexchange carrier is terminating traffic.

Terminating Usage - For purposes of this tariff, the terminating usage to which terminating usage charges described in this tariff apply is only that CMC originated traffic interchanged with SWBT for termination at a point on the intraLATA wireline exchange network.

Wire Center - A wire center is a building in which one or more end offices of SWBT, used for the provision of its local exchange services, are located.

President - Texas Division
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
Section: 1
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REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations

2.1 Liability of SWBT

- 2.1.1 SWBT's failure to provide or maintain service under this tariff shall be excused by labor difficulties, government orders, civil commotions, acts of God and other circumstances beyond SWBT's reasonable control, subject to the interruption allowance provisions of this tariff.
- 2.1.2 Interruption of Service

In the event a CMC's service is interrupted other than by the negligence or willful act of the CMC, and it remains out of order for eight normal working hours or longer after access to the premises, appropriate adjustments or refunds shall be made to the CMC. The amount of adjustment or refund shall be determined on the basis of the known period of interruption, generally beginning from the time the service interruption is first reported. The refund to the CMC shall be the pro rata part of the month's flat-rate charges for the period of days and that portion of the service facilities rendered useless or inoperative. The refund may be accomplished by a credit on a subsequent bill for service. When a service includes more than one communications path, the interruption allowance applies to the path interrupted.

For calculating credit allowances, every month is considered to have 30 days.

- (A) The amount of credit to the CMC shall be an amount equal to a proration of charges specified in this tariff for the period during which the facility affected by the interruption is out of service.
- (B) A credit shall not be applicable for any period during which the CMC fails to afford access to the facilities furnished by SWBT for the purpose of investigating and clearing troubles.

President - Texas Division
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
Dallas, Texas
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INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
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REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.1 Liability of SWBT (Cont'd)

- 2.1.3 SWBT's liability, if any, for its gross negligence or willful misconduct is not limited by this tariff. With respect to any other claim or suit, by a CMC or any others, for damages arising out of mistakes, omissions, interruptions, delays or errors, or defects in transmission occurring in the course of furnishing service hereunder, SWBT's liability, if any, shall not exceed an amount equivalent to the proportionate charge to the CMC for the period of service during which such mistake, omission, interruption, delay, error, or defect in transmission or service occurs and continues. This liability shall be in addition to any amounts that may otherwise be due to the CMC under this tariff as an allowance for interruptions. However, any such mistakes, omissions, interruptions, delays, errors, or defects in transmission or service which are caused or contributed to by the negligence or willful act of the CMC or which arise from the use of CMC-provided facilities or equipment shall not result in the imposition of any liability whatsoever upon SWBT.
- 2.1.4 When the lines of other local exchange companies (LECs) and carriers are used in establishing connections to points not reached by SWBT's lines, SWBT is not liable for any act or omission of the other LECs and carriers.

President - Texas
AT&T Texas
San Antonio, Texas
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**CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF**
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REGULATIONS

2.2 Obligations of CMC

- (D) (D)
- 2.2.1 The CMC is responsible for payment of all charges originated from, or charges accepted on the CMC's system (e.g., collect calls, third number charges or 976 charges). (T)
- 2.2.2 If billing for AT&T Texas's utility services are found to differ from AT&T Texas's tariffed rates, or if AT&T Texas fails to bill the customer for such services, a billing adjustment will be calculated by AT&T Texas. If the customer is due a refund, an adjustment shall be made for the entire period of the overcharges. If an overcharge is adjusted by AT&T Texas within three billing cycles of the bill in error, interest is not applicable. However, if an overcharge is not adjusted by AT&T Texas within three billing cycles of the bill in error, interest shall be applied to the amount of the overcharge as specified in Substantive Rule 23.45(g). The rate of interest is set annually by the Commission for a twelve-month period and is based on an average of prime commercial paper rates for the previous twelve-month period. {1} (T)
- 2.2.3 All individual information furnished by a CMC to AT&T Texas is to be considered confidential and is not to be distributed, provided or disclosed in any form to anyone not involved in AT&T Texas's audit and true-up procedures, nor is such information to be used for any other purpose. Specifically and without limitation, such individual information shall not be disclosed, directly or indirectly, by AT&T Texas to any other CMC or representative of such CMC. (C) (T)
- 2.2.4 Resellers of radio services must provide a letter of authorization signed by the licensee whose services are being resold. (T)

{1} The rates of interest to be paid on customer deposits in accordance with Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat. Ann. art. 1440a (Vernon 1989), and overbillings or underbillings in accordance with Commission SUBST. R. 23.45 (g), are established annually on December 1 for the subsequent calendar year by the Commission, as reflected in the Order Setting Interest Rates included in this tariff.

President - Texas Division
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
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REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.3 Payments of Rates and Charges

- 2.3.1 When making application for service, the CMC may be required to pay at the time the application is accepted, an advance payment equal to the installation charges and one month's charges for the services provided.
- 2.3.2 The amount of the advance payment will be credited to the CMC's account and applied against any indebtedness.
- 2.3.3 See Section 2.5.3 of SWBT's Intrastate Access Service Tariff for applicability of other payments of rates and charges (i.e. past due charges, billing disputes resolved in favor of SWBT or the customer.) (C)

2.4 Deposits

- 2.4.1 SWBT will, in order to safeguard its interests, only require a CMC which has proven history of late payments to SWBT or does not have established credit (except for a CMC which is a successor of a company which has established credit and has no history of late payments to SWBT) to make a deposit prior to or at any time after the provision of a service to the CMC to be held by SWBT as a guarantee of the payment of rates and charges. Such deposit may not exceed the actual or estimated rates and charges for the service for a two-month period plus the amount of any termination charges that may be attributable to the service. The fact that a deposit has been made in no way relieves the CMC from complying with SWBT's regulations as to the prompt payment of bills. Simple interest set annually by the Commission at the rate of not less than six percent per annum or greater than twelve percent per annum will be paid on deposits. Payment of the interest to the CMC shall be annually, if requested by the CMC, or at the time the deposit is returned or credited to the CMC's account. The deposit shall cease to draw interest on the date it is returned or credited to the CMC's account. {1}

- {1} The rates of interest to be paid on customer deposits in accordance with Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat. Ann. art. 1440a (Vernon 1989), and overbillings or underbillings in accordance with Commission SUBST. R. 23.45 (g), are established annually on December 1 for the subsequent calendar year by the Commission, as reflected in the Order Setting Interest Rates included in this tariff.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.4 Deposits (Cont'd)

- 2.4.2 If service is not connected or after disconnection of service, SWBT shall promptly and automatically refund the CMC's deposit plus accrued interest or the balance, if any, in excess of the unpaid bills for service furnished. A transfer of service from one premises to another within the service area of SWBT shall not be deemed a disconnection within the meaning of these rules, and no additional deposit may be demanded unless permitted by this and other sections of this tariff.
- 2.4.3 When the CMC has paid bills for service for twenty-four (24) consecutive billings without having service disconnected for nonpayment of bills and without having more than two occasions in which a bill was delinquent, and when the CMC is not delinquent in payment of the current bill, SWBT shall promptly and automatically refund the deposit plus accrued interest to the CMC in the form of cash or credit to a CMC's bill.

At the option of SWBT, such a deposit may be refunded or credited to the account when the CMC has established credit or after the CMC has established a one-year prompt payment record at any time prior to the termination of the provision of the service to the CMC.

- 2.4.4 Service may be discontinued for failure to furnish a suitable deposit within thirty days after SWBT has mailed notice to the CMC at the billing address appearing on SWBT's records requiring the CMC to furnish such deposit.

2.5 Listings

(T)

- 2.5.1 Listings are not included in the rates and charges for this service.

(T)

- 2.5.2 Regular extra listings and special types of extra listings will be furnished at rates specified in Part 12, Section 1 of the AT&T Texas Guidebook for use in connection with the CMC's patron listings.

- 2.5.3 SWBT's liability for damages arising from errors or omissions in the making up or printing of its directories, where available, or its Listing Information System, or in accepting listings as presented by customers or prospective customers shall be limited to the amount of actual impairment of the CMC's service, and in no event shall it exceed the amount paid for the service during the period covered by the directory in which the error or omission occurs.

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(T)

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.7 Special Service Arrangements

For special service arrangements not covered under this tariff, special charges shall apply as provided in Part 2, Section 7 of the AT&T Texas (T) Guidebook. (T)

2.8 Special Construction

If the CMC's request for interconnection requires construction of special facilities as outlined in Section 14, 14.4.2 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff, the CMC will be assessed Special Construction charges as outlined in Section 14 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff.

2.9 Radio Transmitter Links

The SWBT charge for radio transmitter links shall be equivalent to the specific rate elements and rate levels in either Section 7 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff or Section 7 of FCC Tariff Number 73, depending on jurisdiction of the traffic according to the CMC. No access surcharge shall be applicable.

2.10 Landline to Landline Call Restriction

The rates and rate structure established by this tariff shall not apply to the CMC's provision of toll calling from a landline telephone to another landline telephone, except for, but not limited to, the provision of optional cellular carrier features such as custom calling and voice storage.

2.11 CMC Provided Facilities

CMC's shall have the right to transport traffic over facilities provided by the CMC to any location geographically proximate to either the Type 1, Type 2A or Type 2B SWBT switching offices. That location must be owned/leased and maintained by the CMC and access to that location by SWBT employees for installation and maintenance purposes must be available.

2.12 Termination of Facilities

The CMC's point of termination may be located at another telecommunication carrier's Point of Presence (POP). Access to the termination location by SWBT employees for installation and maintenance purposes must be available.

REGULATIONS

2. General Regulations (Cont'd)

2.13 Point of Termination

At it's option, the CMC may designate a point of termination (POT) for originating and terminating traffic at a location that is not collocated with the CMC's switching equipment. If the CMC's designation of a POT results in an increase in the local transport for SWBT, the CMC's request for interconnection at the designated POT will be handled under the provisions of 2.7.

2.14 Termination of Service

Upon nonpayment of any sum due SWBT, or upon violation of any conditions governing the furnishing of service, SWBT may by notice to the CMC, without incurring any liability, forthwith discontinue the furnishing of said service. Proper notice shall consist of notice sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, at least 30 days prior to a stated date of disconnection.

2.15 Synchronization

For digital interconnection as provided in this tariff, SWBT shall transmit synchronization to the CMC as appropriate pursuant to Section 11, "Synchronization of Intra-LATA Digital Network," of Bell Communications Research Inc. Technical Reference TR-NPL-000275, "Notes on BOC Intra-LATA Network".

2.16 Additional Engineering and Labor

Rates and regulations for additional engineering and labor can be found in the intrastate Access Service Tariff, Section 13, Paragraphs 13.1 and 13.2, respectively.

2.17 Assignment and Transfer of Facilities

The assignment and transfer of facilities occurs when existing cellular service is provided and billed to a different customer and the new cellular customer assumes liability for all current and prior charges for the cellular service. The new customer must be a CMC licensed under Part 22, Subparts K or G, Part 90 or Part 5 of the FCC Rules. A Special Access Order Charge, as set forth in Section 5 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff, will apply when a change in billing data (name, address, contact name, or telephone number) is requested with the assignment and transfer of facilities.

2.18 Telecommunications Service Priority System

The priority provisioning and restoration of services offered under this tariff relative to the National Security Emergency Preparedness (NESP) Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System shall be pursuant to the regulations and rates as delineated in Part 8, Section 5 of the AT&T (T) Texas Guidebook. (T)

For application in this tariff, such regulations, rates and charges as are described in the Telecommunications Service Priority System Tariff shall be interpreted to apply on a "per request, per interconnection circuit" basis.

President - Texas Division
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
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REGULATIONS

3. Description of Service

- 3.1 Cellular Mobile Telephone Interconnection, referred to in this tariff as "service", when provided by trunk side switching equipment, uses end office (Type 1), tandem (Type 2A) or a specified end office (Type 2B) used as a high usage interconnection, as each of these interconnection arrangements are defined in TR-NPL-000145. When trunk side switching is provided from electronic offices the switch trunk equipment is provided with wink start-pulsing signals and answer and disconnect supervisory signaling. Service may be provided from suitably equipped electromechanical end offices with delay dial start-pulsing signaling for one-way originating only end office (Type 1) services. When service is provided as line side interconnection, end office line side terminating equipment is utilized. Line side signaling may be ground start with indication to the CMC of on-hook at the distant end or they may be provided with loop supervision.
- 3.2 Subject to technical limitations and facility availabilities, SGBT will provide all appropriate and compatible signaling arrangements between its end offices and a CMC.
- 3.3 Service may be arranged for two-way traffic or for one-way traffic, either in the originating or terminating direction. With a tandem (Type 2A) connection, terminating traffic through the tandem office may be limited (based on the limitation of SGBT's tandem offices) to direct dialed terminating calls. Where such limitation is applicable to Type 2A connections, one-way terminating service with an associated end office (Type 1) connection may be arranged to access the services specified in 3.4. In addition, direct dialed local terminating calls to community information services of an information provider (e.g., 976), public response calling networks and calls to 911, where provided, may not be completed through the use of tandem interconnections in some cases. With a Type 2B connection, calls may terminate only to directory numbers served by the end office where the Type 2B interface is located.
- 3.4 Except as noted in 3.3 preceding, the service when used in the terminating direction, may be used to access valid NXXs in the LATA, local operator service (0- and 0+), Directory Assistance (411 where available and 555-1212), emergency reporting service (911 where available), exchange telephone repair and Business Offices, community information services of an information provider (e.g., 976), and the services of an IC. Easy Access Dialing to IC services as specified in Section 13 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff are required on a service group basis where the service is provided from an equal access office.

President - Texas
SBC Texas
San Antonio, Texas
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**CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF**
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Revision: 6
Replacing: 5

REGULATIONS

3. Description of Service (Cont'd)

- 3.5 For Type 1 Interconnection, the Company shall select the first point of switching, within the selected LATA, at which the service is to be provided unless the CMC requests a different point of switching and Company facilities and measurement capabilities are available to accommodate such a request. (C) (C)

When required by technical limitations, a separate service group will be established for each type of switching/termination arrangement provided (separate Type 2A service groups may be required in each direction for two-way operation at some tandem offices). Different types of facilities or switching/termination arrangements may not be combined in a single service group.

- 3.6 Any calling scope which is available to landline customers of the Company is available to the CMC subject to the provisions in 3.3. The CMC may have only one end office rate center designated per service group per tandem office (a service group can include a combination of one-way terminating circuits, one-way originating circuits and two-way circuits). The end office rate center selected by the CMC which determines the local calling scope of the tandem interconnection must be a subtending office of the tandem. End office (Type 1) and line side interconnections may only be to end offices that serve telephone subscribers within the CGSA of the CMC. (C) (C)

(D)

(D)

President - Texas
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
Dallas, Texas
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION SERVICE
Section: 1
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REGULATIONS

3. Description of Service (Cont'd)

3.8 Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP) (M)

3.8.1 Area Wide Calling Plan (AWCP) is an optional originating service available to eligible CMCs as a tandem connection under Type 2A Service that provides CMCs toll free intraLATA accessibility to CMC patrons. Under this service, end user customers can complete calls toll free to CMC patrons by placing a 7-digit dialed call from any location within the LATA served by SWBT. {1} The CMC will be billed on a usage sensitive basis for all AWCP calls as detailed in 2.3 of Section 3. (C)

3.8.2 AWCP is not available to CMCs that are subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability as described in the FCC's "Second Report and Order, In the Matter of Local Number Portability," FCC 97-289.

3.8.3 To maintain eligibility for AWCP, the CMC must agree that no CMC telephone number shall be voluntarily ported to any other CMC or telecommunications carrier.

3.8.4 CMCs subscribing to AWCP acknowledge and understand that no telephone number ported to the CMC from any other CMC or telecommunications carrier will be part of the AWCP plan.

3.8.5 AWCP services provided to any CMC will be discontinued no later than the day before the CMC becomes subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability, as referenced in 3.8.2 above. However, SWBT may, with twelve (12) months prior written notice, discontinue AWCP service for any CMC which, according to existing law at the time of the notice, will be subject to obligatory Telephone Number Portability within the following eighteen (18) months. (N)

{1} In areas where 10-digit dialing or 1+ dialing is required for local calling, AWCP will also require 10-digit dialing or 1+ dialing. (M)

President - Texas Division
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
Dallas, Texas
Issued: December 23, 1994
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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
Section: 1
Sheet: 13
Revision: 1
Replacing: Original

REGULATIONS

4. Features

4.1 Optional Features - Nonchargeable

4.1.1 Up to 7-Digit Outpulsing of Called Party Telephone Number to CMC

This option provides the end office capability of providing up to 7 digits of the called party telephone number to the CMC terminal location. The CMC may request that only some of the digits in the telephone number be forwarded. When a steering digit is required, e.g., third digit of the NXX Code, only 7-digit outpulsing will be furnished.

4.1.2 Delay Dial Start-Pulsing Signaling

This option provides a method of indicating to the near end trunk circuit readiness to accept address signaling information by the far end trunk circuit. Delay dial is often referred to as an off-hook, on-hook signaling sequence. The delay dial signal is the off-hook interval and the start-pulsing signal is the on-hook interval. With integrity check, the calling offices will not out-pulse until a delay dial (off-hook) signal followed by a start-pulsing (on-hook) signal has been identified at the calling office.

4.1.3 Immediate Dial Pulse Address Signaling

This option provides for the forwarding of dial pulses from the SWBT end office to the CMC without the need of a start-pulsing signal from the CMC.

4.1.4 Dial Pulse Address Signaling

This trunk side option provides for the transmission of number information, e.g., called number, between the end office switching system and the CMC's premises (in either direction) by means of direct current pulses.

4.1.14 Common Channel Signaling/Signaling System 7 (CCS/SS7)

(N)

This option allows a CMC with a Type 2A Interconnection to use the SS7 protocol and the concept of CCS to set up calls over the CMC's Type 2A interconnection. This service only provides for the use of CCS for Integrated Digital Network User part (ISUP or ISDNUP) call set-up messages associated with a Type 2A interconnection.

(N)

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CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE
INTERCONNECTION TARIFF
Section: 1
Sheet: 14
Revision: 1
Replacing: Original

REGULATIONS

4. Features (Cont'd)

4.2 Transmission Performance

This service is provided with either Type B or Type C Transmission Performance, as found in Section 6.4.1 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. The parameters associated with these performances are guaranteed to the first point of switching. Type C Transmission Performance is provided with Interface Group 1 and Type B is provided with Interface Groups 2 through 10 as found in section 6.1.3 (B) (2) of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. Type DB Data Transmission Parameters, as found in Section 6.4.2 (B) of the intrastate Access Service Tariff are provided with this service to the first point of switching.

4.3 Testing Capabilities

This service is provided, in the terminating direction where equipment is available, with 7-digit access to balance (100 type) test line, milliwatt (102 type) test line, nonsynchronous or synchronous test line, automatic transmission measuring (105 type) test line, data transmission (107 type) test line, loop around test line, short circuit test line and open circuit test line. Additional Cooperative Acceptance Testing, Automatic Scheduled Testing, Cooperative Testing, Manual Scheduled Testing and Nonscheduled Testing will be provided as set forth in Section 13.3.5 of the intrastate Access Service Tariff. When SS7 Signaling is ordered, network compatibility and other operational tests will be performed cooperatively by the Telephone Company and the CMC as specified by SWBT.

(N)
(N)

5. Determination of Number of Access Facilities

The CMC specifies the number of trunks in the order for service. Trunk directionality and traffic routing between the CMC's MTSO and the tandem or entry end-office switch are also determined by the CMC's order for service. SWBT will assist the CMC in determining requirements if requested.

President - Texas

CELLULAR MOBILE TELEPHONE INTERCONNECTION TARIFF

AT&T Texas

Section: Appl. of

Tariff

Dallas, Texas

Sheet: 1

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APPLICATION OF TARIFF

This tariff applies to services and facilities furnished or made available by Southwestern Bell Telephone Company (SWBT) in the State of Texas.

Whenever reference is made in this tariff to other intrastate Texas tariffs of SWBT, the reference is to the tariffs in force as of the effective date of this tariff, and to amendments thereto and successive issues thereof.

The rates and services provided in this tariff are regulated and approved by the Public Utility Commission of Texas (Commission) in compliance with the Public Utility Regulatory Act and the rules adopted by the Commission.

SWBT, where possible, will make available to a CMC services provided in other SWBT tariffs under the Rules, Regulations and Rates provided in those tariffs.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

The following symbols will be used in the right-hand margins of each tariff page to indicate changes made on the sheets:

- (C) Indicates a Change in Regulation
- (D) Indicates Discontinued Rate or Regulation
- (E) Indicates Correction of an Error Made During a Revision
- (I) Indicates Rate Increase
- (M) Indicates a Move of Text but no Change in Text, Rate or Regulation
- (N) Indicates a New Rate or Regulation
- (R) Indicates a Rate Reduction
- (T) Indicates a Change in Text but no Change in Rate or Regulation

EXPLANATION OF ABBREVIATIONS

- CMC - Denotes cellular mobile carrier
- FCC - Denotes Federal Communications Commission
- IC - Denotes interexchange carrier
- MTSO - Denotes a cellular mobile carrier's mobile telephone switching office or terminal

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(N)

(N)